

# DHACA's mobile apps process

[charles.lowe@DHACA.org.uk](mailto:charles.lowe@DHACA.org.uk)

07860 619424

@LoweCM

[www.DHACA.org.uk](http://www.DHACA.org.uk)



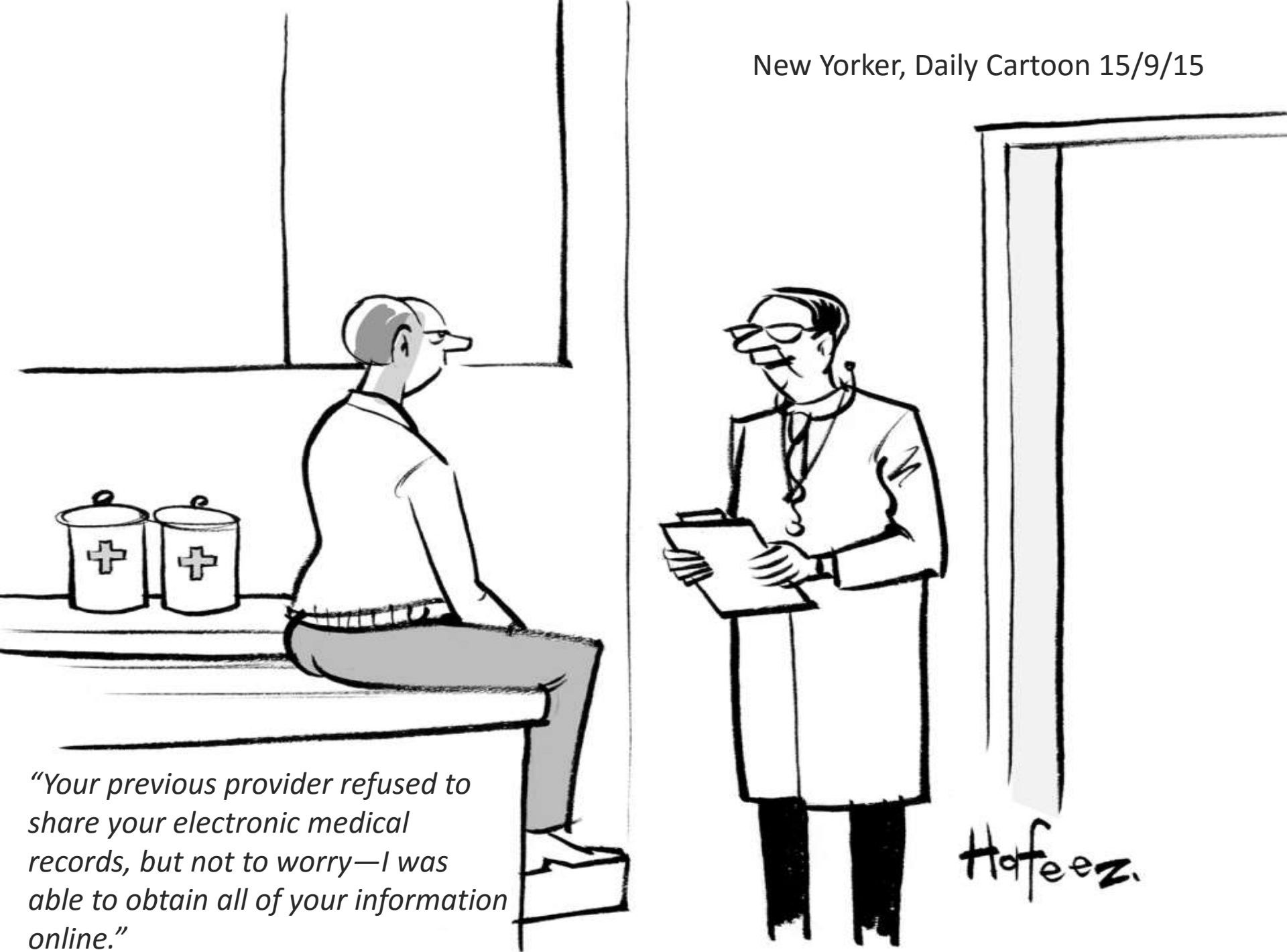
## Warning

- The presenter is not a qualified lawyer or clinician; please check any statement you read or heard during this presentation with an appropriate professional before relying on it.

## Process

- Final document at [www.DHACA.org.uk](http://www.DHACA.org.uk), then navigate to SIGs, mHealth apps



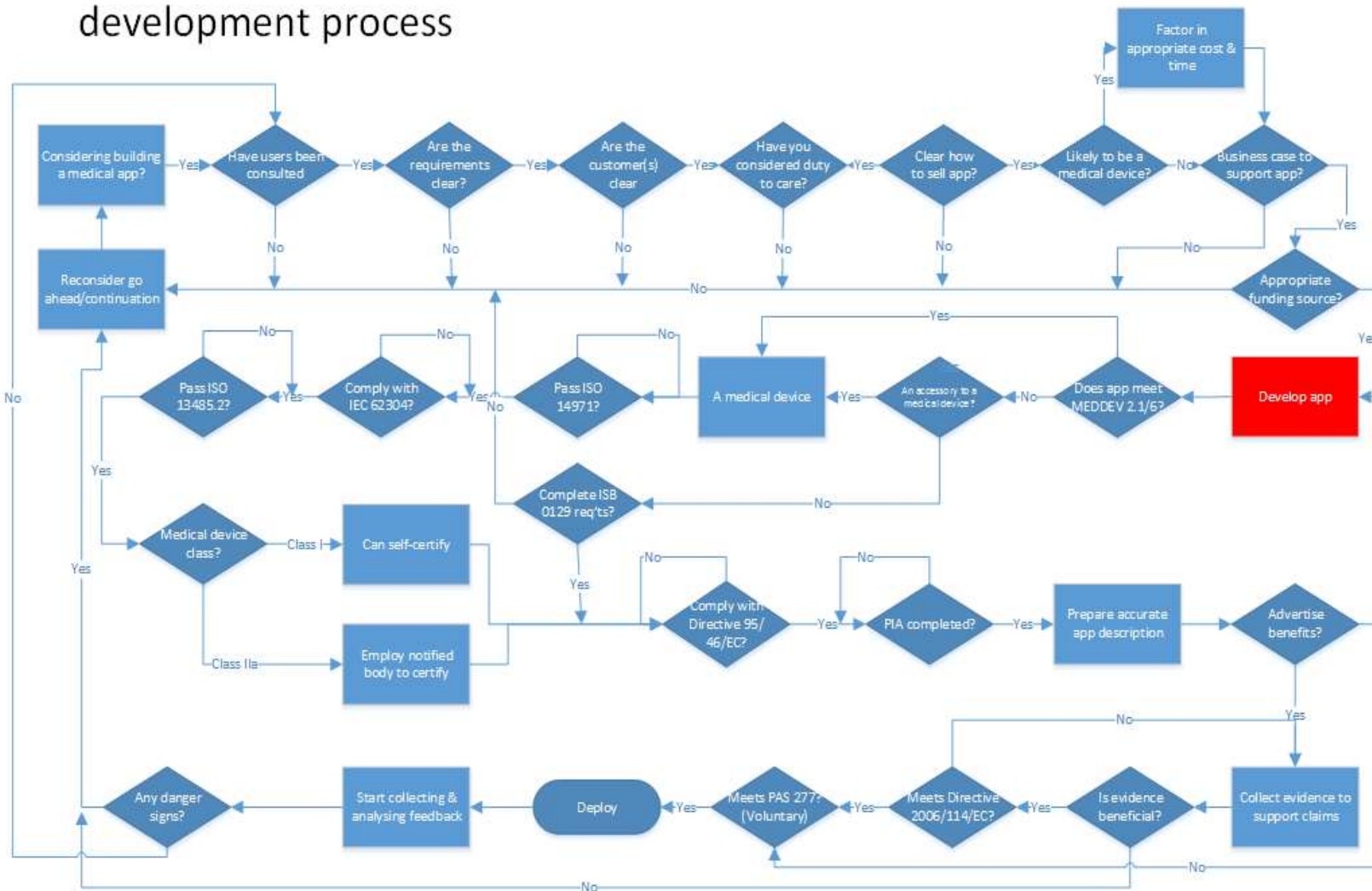


*"Your previous provider refused to share your electronic medical records, but not to worry—I was able to obtain all of your information online."*

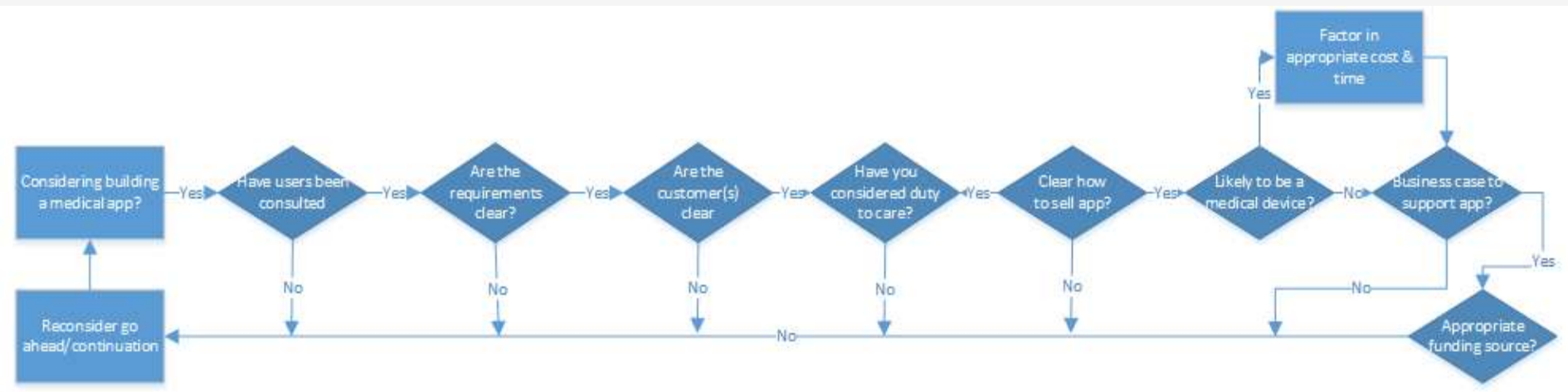
Hafeez.

# Developing an app is non-trivial

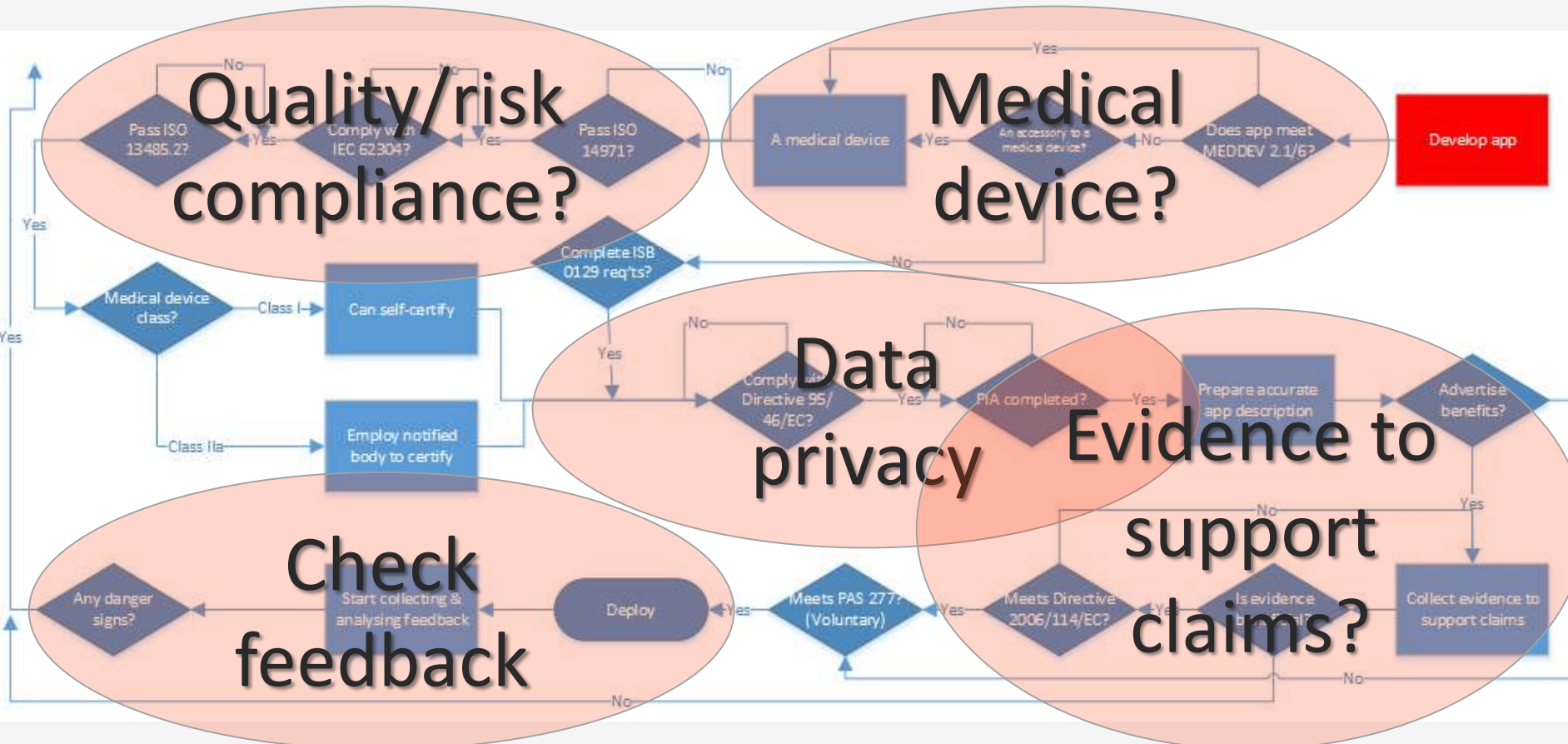
## High Level medical app development process



# The 'top row' does not involve regulation



...the other rows do!





## Medical device legislation

- Medical Devices Directive (93/42/EC) includes software and applies to
  - ...diagnosis, prevention, monitoring, treatment or alleviation of disease...(and other activities)
  - Apps are active medical devices if they meet medical device definition
  - Prescriptive advice on Class
  - Key concept is *intended use*
- Detailed definition of what constitutes a medical device in Meddev 2.1/6

## Quality & risk

- ISO 14971: a standard for the application of risk management to medical devices
  - Establishes the requirements for risk management, needed eg ISO 13485.2
- ISO 13485: a medical device-specific quality management standard
- IEC 62304: identifies three different safety classes that determine appropriate software cycle processes
- (Commissioner has obligations too)



# Information privacy

- Directive 95/46/EC covering all aspects including need for appropriate encryption & security, expected shortly to be replaced by a regulation with stronger powers
- Important concepts of *data minimisation*, *data protection by design*, *data protection by default*
- Privacy Impact Assessments (PIAs) expected to become compulsory
- (Again commissioner has obligations too)
- Note that FDA recently banned use of an infusion pump as it was too easy to hack

# Consumer protection

- Misleading & Comparative Advertising Directive 2006/114/EC
  - Benefits can only be advertised if evidenced
- Issue of how to evidence benefits in a fast-moving business is a continuing issue
  - Strong NICE engagement now
- (EC Code of practice on information protection for consumers)

# Feedback

- Key safety measure, and opportunity to improve
- Apps offer relatively simple feedback on:
  - Seeking benefit
  - Issues
  - Opportunities





## Conclusion

- Regulation is unavoidable
- Regulation is complex
- Even if you aren't building a medical device, you still need to be aware of data privacy and consumer protection legislation
- In six months it will begin to change, and continue to
- ...and there's much more...

Thank you

[charles.lowe@DHACA.org.uk](mailto:charles.lowe@DHACA.org.uk)

07860 619424

@LoweCM

